United Nations A/BUR/65/1

General Assembly

Distr.: General
14 September 2010

Original: English

Sixty-fifth session
General Committee

Organization of the sixty-fifth regular session of the General Assembly, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items

Memorandum by the Secretary-General

Contents

		Page
I.	Introduction	2
II.	Organization of the session	2
	A. General Committee	2
	B. Rationalization of work	3
	C. Opening and closing dates of the session	4
	D. Seating arrangements	4
	E. Schedule of meetings	4
	F. General debate	5
	G. Conduct of the meetings, length of statements, explanations of vote, right of reply, points of order and concluding statements	5
	H. Records of meetings	6
	I. Resolutions	7
	J. Documentation	7
	K. Questions relating to the programme budget	8
	L. Observances and commemorative meetings	10
	M. Special conferences	10
III.	Adoption of the agenda	11
IV.	Allocation of items	26

10-51121 (E) 140910

Please recycle

I. Introduction

1. The Secretary-General has the honour to place before the General Committee, for its consideration, the following observations and proposals in connection with the report to be made to the General Assembly by the General Committee regarding the organization of the sixty-fifth regular session and future sessions of the Assembly, the adoption of the agenda and the allocation of items.

2. Over the years, the General Assembly has adopted a number of provisions aimed at rationalizing the procedures and organization of the Assembly. Some of these provisions are reproduced in the annexes to the rules of procedure of the General Assembly (A/520/Rev.17).

3. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the following resolutions of the General Assembly, the provisions of which are reflected in the present document under the relevant sections:

(a) Annex I (Guidelines on the Rationalization of the Agenda of the General Assembly) to resolution 48/264, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(b) Annex to resolution 51/241, entitled "Strengthening of the United Nations system";

(c) Annex to resolution 55/285, entitled "Revitalization of the General Assembly: improving the efficiency of the General Assembly";

(d) Resolution 57/301, entitled "Amendment to rule 1 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly and opening date and duration of the general debate";

(e) Resolution 58/126, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(f) Resolution 58/316, entitled "Further measures for the revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(g) Resolution 59/313, entitled "A strengthened and revitalized General Assembly";

(h) Resolution 60/286, entitled "Revitalization of the General Assembly";

(i) Resolution 63/309, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(j) Resolution 64/301, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly".

II. Organization of the session

A. General Committee

4. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to rule 40 of the rules of procedure and to document A/56/1005 (annex, paras. 9 and 10) pertaining to the functions of the Committee.

5. The Secretary-General also wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to paragraph 5 of the annex to resolution 58/316 pertaining to the functions of the General Committee. The Committee may wish to recall in particular subparagraphs (e) to (h), according to which the General Committee shall continue to: consider the further biennialization, triennialization, clustering and elimination of items of the customary agenda of the General Assembly; schedule informal briefings on topical issues; recommend to the Assembly a programme of, and format for, interactive debates on the items of its agenda; and consider ways and means to further improve its working methods to increase its efficiency and effectiveness in all aspects.

6. The Secretary-General further wishes to recall that, at the outset of each session, each Vice-President of the General Assembly shall designate a liaison person for the duration of the session. This designation may be made by means of a letter to the President (resolution 55/285, annex, para. 20).

B. Rationalization of work

7. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the following resolutions relating to the rationalization of work, including the administrative and financial functioning of the Organization:

(a) Resolution 41/213, entitled "Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations";

(b) Resolution 48/264, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(c) Resolution 52/12 B, entitled "Renewing the United Nations: a programme for reform";

(d) Resolution 58/126, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(e) Resolution 58/316, entitled "Further measures for the revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(f) Resolution 59/313, entitled "A strengthened and revitalized General Assembly";

(g) Resolution 60/286, entitled "Revitalization of the General Assembly";

(h) Resolution 63/309, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(i) Resolution 64/301, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly".

8. The Secretary-General also wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to paragraph 14 of the annex to resolution 55/285, which reads:

> 14. As regards implementation of paragraph 7 of the annex to resolution 51/241, the President of the General Assembly, after consideration by the Assembly of the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization, shall inform the Assembly of his assessment of the debate on the report in order for the Assembly to determine the need for further action.

9. The General Committee may wish to bring to the attention of the General Assembly paragraph 3 of the annex to resolution 58/316, paragraphs 8 and 9 of resolution 59/313 and paragraphs 25 and 26 of the annex to resolution 60/286 pertaining to the practices and working methods of the Main Committees.

10. The General Committee may also wish to bring to the attention of the General Assembly that the Main Committees shall meet in substantive session only after the end of the general debate and that the First Committee and the Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee) shall not meet simultaneously and may consider meeting in a sequential manner during the regular session of the General Assembly. This arrangement shall not apply if it affects their respective identities, programmes of work and effective consideration of their agendas (resolution 51/241, annex, paras. 31 and 36).

C. Opening and closing dates of the session

11. In accordance with rule 1 of the rules of procedure, the sixty-fifth regular session of the General Assembly shall begin on Tuesday, 14 September 2010.

12. The General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that the sixty-fifth session of the Assembly recess on Tuesday, 14 December 2010 and close on Monday, 12 September 2011 (rule 2 of the rules of procedure and para. 4 of annex IV to the rules of procedure).

13. The General Committee may also wish to recommend to the General Assembly that, during the main part of the session, the First Committee complete its work by Monday, 1 November, the Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee) by Wednesday, 10 November, the Sixth Committee by Thursday, 11 November, the Second and Third Committees by Tuesday, 23 November and the Fifth Committee by Friday, 10 December 2010.[1]

D. Seating arrangements

14. In accordance with established practice, the Secretary-General has drawn lots for the purpose of choosing the Member State to occupy the first desk on the General Assembly floor from which the alphabetical seating order will begin. The name drawn was Guinea. The other countries will follow in the English alphabetical order and the same order will be observed in the Main Committees.

E. Schedule of meetings

15. The Secretary-General wishes to recall that, in view of financial constraints, meetings at Headquarters will not be serviced beyond 6 p.m. or on weekends, with the exception of the plenary of the General Assembly and the Security Council. Consequently, meetings of the Main Committees during the sixty-fifth session, including informal meetings, should start promptly at 10 a.m. and be adjourned by 6 p.m. on weekdays. The Secretary-General also wishes to recall resolution 59/313, in which the Assembly strongly urged all officers presiding over meetings of the Assembly to start such meetings on time.

[1] A mandatory deadline, not later than 1 December, should be established for the submission to the Fifth Committee of all draft resolutions with financial implications (see para. 39).

16. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to paragraph 1 (b) of the annex to resolution 58/316, which reads:

> (b) With effect from the fifty-ninth session of the General Assembly, the meetings of the plenary Assembly shall normally be held on Mondays and Thursdays.

17. Furthermore, the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the fact that measures introduced to reduce costs relating to overtime will be strictly enforced.

18. The General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that, in accordance with past practice, it waive the requirement that at least one third of the members of the Assembly in the case of plenary meetings and one quarter of the members of a Main Committee in the case of Main Committee meetings be present in order to declare a meeting open and to permit the debate to proceed. This recommendation would be made on the understanding that such a waiver would not imply any permanent change in the provisions of rules 67 and 108 of the rules of procedure and that the requirement of the presence of a majority of the members for any decision to be taken would be maintained.

F. General debate

19. The General Committee may wish to bring to the attention of the General Assembly that, pursuant to resolution 57/301 and decision 64/555, the general debate for the sixty-fifth session shall begin at 9 a.m. on Thursday, 23 September and continue to Saturday, 25 September and from Monday, 27 September to Thursday, 30 September 2010; that the meetings for the general debate on Friday, 24 September will be held from 11.30 a.m. to 2 p.m. and from 3 p.m. to 9 p.m. and the meetings on Saturday, 25 September will be held from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.; and that these arrangements shall in no way create a precedent for future sessions. The General Committee may also wish to bring to the attention of the Assembly that the list of speakers for each day shall be completed and no speakers will be transferred to the next day, notwithstanding the implications for hours of work. Furthermore, there shall be no time limits for statements in the general debate but the Assembly will indicate a voluntary guideline of up to 15 minutes for each statement.

20. The General Committee may also wish to bring to the attention of the General Assembly that, pursuant to paragraph 7 of the annex to resolution 58/126, the theme "Reaffirming the central role of the United Nations in global governance" has been proposed for the general debate at the sixty-fifth session.

G. Conduct of the meetings, length of statements, explanations of vote, right of reply, points of order and concluding statements

21. The General Committee may wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to the relevant rules of procedure regarding the conduct of meetings, namely, rules 35, 68, 72, 73, 99 (b), 106, 109, 114 and 115.

22. The General Committee may also wish to draw to the attention of the General Assembly that explanations of vote should be limited to 10 minutes; that, when the same draft resolution is considered in a Main Committee and in plenary meeting, a delegation should, as far as possible, explain its vote only once, i.e., either in the Committee or in plenary meeting, unless that delegation's vote in plenary meeting is different from its vote in the Committee; and that delegations should exercise their right of reply at the end of the day whenever two meetings have been scheduled for that day and whenever such meetings are devoted to the consideration of the same item (decision 34/401, paras. 6-8 (A/520/Rev.17, annex V)).

23. The General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that points of order be limited to five minutes.

24. With a view to streamlining the procedures of the General Assembly and as another cost-saving measure, the General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that it review the recommendations contained in paragraph 22 of the annex to resolution 51/241 and paragraph 23 of document A/52/855, regarding the length of statements.

25. The General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that, in order to save time at the end of the session, the practice of making concluding statements in the Assembly and its Main Committees should be dispensed with except for statements by the presiding officers (decision 34/401, para. 17 (A/520/Rev.17, annex V)). The General Committee may also wish to draw the attention of the Assembly to resolution 59/313, in which the Assembly invited Member States that are aligned with statements already made by the chair of a group of Member States, where possible, to focus additional interventions that they make in their national capacity on points that have not already been adequately addressed in the statements of the group in question, bearing in mind the sovereign right of each Member State to express its national position.

H. Records of meetings

26. The Secretary-General wishes to recall that, as at past sessions, during the sixty-fifth session verbatim records will continue to be provided for the plenary meetings of the General Assembly and the meetings of the First Committee and summary records will be provided to the other Main Committees and the General Committee of the Assembly.

27. Furthermore, the General Committee may wish to draw to the attention of the General Assembly that the practice of reproducing statements in extenso as separate documents has been discontinued for all its subsidiary organs that are entitled to summary records and that any exceptions to this rule may be made by the body concerned only if the statements are to serve as bases for discussion and if, after hearing a statement of the relevant financial implications, the body decides that one or more statements in extenso may be included in the summary record, or reproduced as separate documents or as annexes to authorized documents (resolution 38/32 E, paras. 8 and 9).

28. The General Committee may also wish to recommend to the General Assembly that the practice of not reproducing in extenso statements made in a Main Committee should be maintained for the sixty-fifth session.

I. Resolutions

29. The General Committee may wish to bring to the attention of the General Assembly that:

- Whenever possible, resolutions requesting the discussion of a question at a subsequent session should not call for the inclusion of a separate new item and such discussion should be held under the item under which the resolution was adopted (decision 34/401, para. 32 (A/520/Rev.17, annex V)).
- Efforts should be made to reduce the number of resolutions adopted by the General Assembly. Resolutions should request reports of the Secretary-General only in cases where that would be indispensable for facilitating the implementation of these resolutions or the continued examination of the question.[2]
- In order to ensure that resolutions have greater political impact, they should be short, in particular as regards the preambular parts, and should focus more on action-oriented operative paragraphs (resolution 57/270 B, para. 69).
- Whenever possible, for the adoption by the General Assembly of agreed texts of resolutions and decisions, informal consultations should be carried out with the widest possible participation of Member States (resolution 45/45, annex, para. 1 (A/520/Rev.17, annex VII, para. 1)).
- The terms "takes note of" and "notes" are neutral terms that constitute neither approval nor disapproval (decision 55/488, annex).

30. The Secretary-General encourages Member States to transmit all draft resolutions and decisions in electronic form as well as on paper. The Secretary-General further encourages Member States to clearly indicate changes to previous resolutions in track change format, using the previous resolution as a base text. The Secretary-General also wishes to inform the Member States that the submitters are responsible for ensuring that the electronic and paper versions of the draft resolutions and decisions are identical in content.

31. The General Committee may also wish to bring to the attention of the General Assembly rule 78 of the rules of procedure concerning discussions of and action by the Assembly on proposals. To ensure that copies of proposals may be circulated not later than the day preceding the meeting at which they will be considered, proposals should be submitted well in advance of the meeting.

J. Documentation

32. The General Committee may wish to draw to the attention of the General Assembly that the Assembly, including its Main Committees, should merely take note of those reports of the Secretary-General or subsidiary organs that do not require a decision by the Assembly and should neither debate nor adopt resolutions on them, unless specifically requested to do so by the Secretary-General or the organ concerned (decision 34/401, para. 28 (A/520/Rev.17, annex V)).

---

[2] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-first Session, Supplement No. 49* (A/41/49), para. 21, recommendation 3 (f).

33. The General Committee may also wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to section III of resolution 57/283 B regarding the timely issuance of documents in the six official languages of the Assembly. The General Committee may furthermore wish to draw the attention of the Assembly to resolution 59/313, in which the Assembly requested the Secretary-General to ensure that documentation and reports are issued well in advance, in keeping with the six-week rule for the issuance of official documentation simultaneously in all official languages (see resolution 47/202 of 22 December 1992).

34. The General Committee may wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to resolutions 48/264 and 55/285, in which the Assembly emphasized that restraint should be exercised in making requests for new reports and requested more integrated reports, and to resolution 57/270 B, in which it recognized the need to avoid requesting duplicative reports from the Secretary-General.

35. The General Committee may wish to also draw the attention of the General Assembly to resolution 63/309, in which the Assembly called upon Member States to respond to the annual review of the Meetings and Publishing Division of the Department for General Assembly and Conference Management on the distribution of printed documents to Missions.

36. The General Committee may wish to draw the following to the attention of the General Assembly:

- Resolutions should contain requests for observations from States or reports by the Secretary-General insofar as they are likely to facilitate the implementation of the resolutions or the continued examination of the question (resolution 45/45, annex, para. 10 (A/520/Rev.17, annex VII, para. 10)).
- Member States and entities of the United Nations system should make a serious effort to submit their replies and inputs to requests for information or views pursuant to resolutions of the General Assembly within the prescribed deadlines (resolution 55/285, annex, para. 17).
- Member States, when seeking additional information, are encouraged to request that they be provided with the information either orally or, if in writing, in the form of information sheets, annexes, tables and the like (resolution 59/313, para. 17).

37. The General Committee may further wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to paragraph 6 of the annex to resolution 58/316, paragraphs 16 to 19 of resolution 59/313 and paragraph 29 of resolution 60/286 concerning documentation.

K. Questions relating to the programme budget

38. The General Committee may wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to rule 153 of the rules of procedure, which reads:

> No resolution involving expenditure shall be recommended by a committee for approval by the General Assembly unless it is accompanied by an estimate of expenditures prepared by the Secretary-General. No resolution in respect of which expenditures are anticipated by the Secretary-General shall be voted by the General Assembly until the Administrative and Budgetary

Committee (Fifth Committee) has had an opportunity of stating the effect of the proposal upon the budget estimates of the United Nations.

39. With regard to rule 153 of the rules of procedure, and paragraph 13 (d) of decision 34/401, which requires a minimum period of 48 hours before action is taken on a proposal so as to allow the Secretary-General to prepare the programme budget implications of drafts before the Assembly, the General Committee may wish to bring to the attention of the Assembly the fact that, in most cases, more than 48 hours are required for the Secretary-General to review the programme budget implications of proposals before the Assembly.

40. The General Committee may also wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to paragraphs 12 and 13 of its decision 34/401 (A/520/Rev.17, annex V), which read:

> 12. It is imperative that Main Committees should allow sufficient time for the preparation of the estimate of expenditures by the Secretariat and for its consideration by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions and the Fifth Committee and that they should take this requirement into account when they adopt their programme of work.
>
> 13. Furthermore:
>
> (a) A mandatory deadline, not later than 1 December, should be established for the submission to the Fifth Committee of all draft resolutions with financial implications;
>
> (b) The Fifth Committee should, as a general practice, consider accepting without debate the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the financial implications of draft resolutions up to a prescribed limit, namely, $25,000 on any one item;
>
> (c) Firm deadlines should be set for the early submission of the reports of subsidiary organs which require consideration by the Fifth Committee;
>
> (d) A minimum period of 48 hours should be allowed between the submission and the voting of a proposal involving expenditure in order to allow the Secretary-General to prepare and present the related statement of administrative and financial implications.

41. The General Committee may further wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to regulation 5.9 of the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation (ST/SGB/2000/8; first adopted in resolution 37/234, annex; the rules in the present revised edition are issued pursuant to resolution 53/207), as well as to Assembly resolution 54/236 and its decision 54/474. Regulation 5.9 reads:

> *Regulation 5.9.* No council, commission or other competent body shall take a decision involving either a change in the programme budget approved by the General Assembly or the possible requirement of expenditure unless it has received and taken account of a report from the Secretary-General on the programme budget implications of the proposal.

42. Furthermore, the General Committee may wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to paragraph 6 of its resolution 35/10 A, which reads:

6. *Decides* that all proposals affecting the schedule of conferences and meetings made at sessions of the General Assembly shall be reviewed by the Committee on Conferences when administrative implications are being considered under the requirements of rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the Assembly.

43. The General Committee may also wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to section VI of its resolution 45/248 B on procedures for administrative and budgetary matters, in which the Assembly:

1. *Reaffirms* that the Fifth Committee is the appropriate Main Committee of the General Assembly entrusted with responsibilities for administrative and budgetary matters;

2. *Reaffirms also* the role of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

3. *Expresses its concern* at the tendency of its substantive Committees and other intergovernmental bodies to involve themselves in administrative and budgetary matters;

4. *Invites* the Secretary-General to provide all intergovernmental bodies with the required information regarding procedures for administrative and budgetary matters.

44. The General Committee may also wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to the views expressed by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the use of the phrase "within available resources"[3] and to the report in which the Committee emphasized the responsibility of the Secretariat to inform the Assembly thoroughly and accurately about whether there are enough resources to implement a new activity.[4]

L. Observances and commemorative meetings

45. Considering past practice, the General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that it adopt a format for commemorative meetings that includes statements by the President of the General Assembly, the Secretary-General, the chairmen of the five regional groups and the representative of the host country.

M. Special conferences

46. The General Committee may wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to the following:

- The Committee on Conferences recommended that the General Assembly should instruct the Main Committees to review the number of special conferences of the United Nations already proposed and scheduled in their respective fields of activity prior to deciding upon the scheduling of new and additional special conferences, thus bearing in mind the relevant portions of

[3] Ibid., *Thirty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 7A* (A/38/7/Add.1-23), document A/38/7/Add.16.
[4] Ibid., *Fifty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 7* (A/54/7).

General Assembly resolution 33/55 (recommendation 6 of the Committee on Conferences,[5] adopted by the Assembly in decision 34/405, para. (b)).

- The decision of the General Assembly that no more than five special conferences should take place in a given year and that no more than one special conference should be convened at the same time should be strictly implemented.[6]

- The existing principle that United Nations bodies should meet at their respective established headquarters, as provided for in General Assembly resolution 40/243, should be strictly enforced. Whenever the Assembly accepts an invitation from the Government of a Member State to hold a conference or meeting away from established headquarters, the additional cost should be borne in full by that Government. The methods of budgeting these costs should be improved so as to ensure that all additional costs are accounted for.[7]

III. Adoption of the agenda

47. All proposals for the inclusion of items in the agenda of the sixty-fifth session have been communicated to Member States in the following documents:

(a) Provisional agenda of the sixty-fifth regular session (A/65/150);

(b) Supplementary list of items proposed for inclusion in the agenda of the sixty-fifth session (A/65/200).

48. The items proposed for inclusion are listed in the draft agenda, which appears in paragraph 53 below.

49. In paragraph 2 (a) of the annex to resolution 58/316, the General Assembly decided, inter alia, that the agenda of the Assembly should be organized under headings corresponding to the priorities of the Organization, as contained in each medium-term plan or in the strategic framework, as appropriate, with an additional heading for "Organizational, administrative and other matters", for the purpose of giving a sense of structure to the work of the Assembly. The draft agenda of the sixty-fifth session is organized under headings corresponding to the priorities of the Organization for the period 2010-2011, as decided in paragraph 2 of resolution 63/247.

50. The Secretary-General wishes to recall the relevant resolutions pertaining to the review of the agenda, namely, annex I to resolution 48/264, the annex to resolution 51/241, the annex to resolution 55/285, and paragraphs 2 and 4 of the annex to resolution 58/316. The Secretary-General also wishes to recall paragraph 60 of resolution 57/270 B, in which the General Assembly stated that the General Committee should ensure better coordination of the agendas of the Second and Third Committees.

51. Bearing in mind the extremely heavy workload of the General Assembly and the need to make the most effective use of scarce resources, the General Committee

[5] Ibid., *Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 32* (A/34/32 and Corr.1), chap. VI.
[6] Ibid., *Forty-first Session, Supplement No. 49* (A/41/49), para. 21, recommendation 2 (d).
[7] Ibid., recommendation 4.

may wish to consider deferring to a later session items for which decisions or action are not required at the current session (resolution 51/241, annex, paras. 23-26).

52. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to decision 49/426, whereby the General Assembly decided that the granting of observer status in the Assembly should in future be confined to States and to those intergovernmental organizations whose activities cover matters of interest to the Assembly (see also para. 56).

53. Subject to the recommendations of the General Committee regarding paragraphs 49 to 52 above, the draft agenda of the sixty-fifth session would consist of the following items:

Draft agenda organized under headings corresponding to the priorities of the Organization*

1. Opening of the session by the President of the General Assembly [P.1].
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation [P.2].
3. Credentials of representatives to the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly [P.3]:
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly [P.4].[8]
5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees [P.5].[8]
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly [P.6].[8]
7. Organization of work, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: reports of the General Committee [P.7].
8. General debate [P.8].

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

9. Report of the Economic and Social Council [P.9].
10. Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS [P.10].
11. Sport for peace and development [P.11].

---

* Abbreviations used in the present document:
  [P]: Item on the provisional agenda (A/65/150).
  [S]: Item on the supplementary list (A/65/200).

[8] In accordance with rule 30 of the rules of procedure, the General Assembly will hold these elections for its sixty-sixth session at least three months before the opening of that session.

12. 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa [P.12].

13. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields [P.13].

14. Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations [P.14].

15. Culture of peace [P.15].

16. The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order [P.16].

17. Information and communications technologies for development [P.17].

18. Macroeconomic policy questions [P.18]:

    (a) International trade and development;

    (b) International financial system and development;

    (c) External debt sustainability and development.

19. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference [P.19].

20. Sustainable development [P.20]:

    (a) Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development;

    (b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States;

    (c) International Strategy for Disaster Reduction;

    (d) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind;

    (e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa;

    (f) Convention on Biological Diversity;

    (g) Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its eleventh special session;

    (h) United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development;

    (i) Harmony with Nature.

21. Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat) [P.21].

22. Globalization and interdependence [P.22]:

    (a) Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence;

    (b) Preventing and combating corrupt practices and transfer of assets of illicit origin and returning such assets, in particular to the countries of origin, consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption;

    (c) International migration and development.

23. Groups of countries in special situations [P.23]:

    (a) Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries;

    (b) Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation.

24. Eradication of poverty and other development issues [P.24]:

    (a) Implementation of the Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017);

    (b) Industrial development cooperation.

25. Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system [P.25].

26. Agriculture development and food security [P.26].

27. Social development [P.27]:

    (a) Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly;

    (b) Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;

    (c) Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing;

    (d) United Nations Literacy Decade: education for all.

28. Advancement of women [P.28]:

    (a) Advancement of women;

    (b) Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

29. Intergovernmental science-policy platform on biodiversity and ecosystem services [S.1].

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

30. Report of the Security Council [P.29].

31. Report of the Peacebuilding Commission [P.30].

32. Elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion [P.31].

33. The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict [P.32].

34. Prevention of armed conflict [P.33].

35. Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development [P.34].

36. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic [P.35].

37. The situation in the Middle East [P.36].

38. Question of Palestine [P.37].

39. The situation in Afghanistan [P.38].

40. The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan [P.39].

41. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte [P.40].

42. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba [P.41].

43. The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development [P.42].[9]

44. Question of Cyprus [P.43].[10]

45. Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo [P.44].[10]

46. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) [P.45].[10]

47. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti [P.46].[10]

48. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security [P.47].[10]

49. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait [P.48].[10]

50. Effects of atomic radiation [P.49].

51. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space [P.50].

52. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East [P.51].

---

[9] In accordance with decision 60/508, this item remains on the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

[10] In accordance with paragraph 4 (b) of the annex to resolution 58/316, this item remains on the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

53. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories [P.52].

54. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects [P.53].

55. Questions relating to information [P.54].

56. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations [P.55].

57. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories [P.56].

58. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations [P.57].

59. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories [P.58].

60. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples [P.59].

61. Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India [P.60].

62. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources [P.61].

63. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions [P.62].

C. Development of Africa

64. New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support [P.63]:

(a) New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support;

(b) Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa.

D. Promotion of human rights

65. Report of the Human Rights Council [P.64].

66. Promotion and protection of the rights of children [P.65]:

(a) Promotion and protection of the rights of children;

(b) Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children.

67. Indigenous issues [P.66]:

    (a) Indigenous issues;

    (b) Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People.

68. Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance [P.67]:

    (a) Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance;

    (b) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action.

69. Right of peoples to self-determination [P.68].

70. Promotion and protection of human rights [P.69]:

    (a) Implementation of human rights instruments;

    (b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

    (c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives;

    (d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

71. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance [P.70]:

    (a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations;

    (b) Assistance to the Palestinian people;

    (c) Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster;

    (d) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

72. Report of the International Court of Justice [P.71].

73. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such

Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994 [P.72].

74. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 [P.73].

75. Report of the International Criminal Court [P.74].

76. Oceans and the law of the sea [P.75]:

    (a) Oceans and the law of the sea;

    (b) Sustainable fisheries, including through the 1995 Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, and related instruments.

77. Responsibility of States for internationally wrongful acts [P.77].

78. Criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission [P.78].

79. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its forty-third session [P.79].

80. United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law [P.80].

81. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its sixty-second session [P.81].

82. Diplomatic protection [P.82].

83. Consideration of prevention of transboundary harm from hazardous activities and allocation of loss in the case of such harm [P.83].

84. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts [P.84].

85. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives [P.85].

86. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization [P.86].

87. The rule of law at the national and international levels [P.87].

88. The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction [P.88].

G. Disarmament

89. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency [P.89].

90. Reduction of military budgets [P.90].

91. African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty [P.91].

92. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco) [P.92].

93. Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe [P.93].

94. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security [P.94].

95. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East [P.95].

96. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons [P.96].

97. Prevention of an arms race in outer space [P.97].

98. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament [P.98].

99. General and complete disarmament [P.99]:

(a) Notification of nuclear tests;

(b) Further measures in the field of disarmament for the prevention of an arms race on the seabed and the ocean floor and in the subsoil thereof;

(c) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol;

(d) Effects of the use of armaments and ammunitions containing depleted uranium;

(e) Missiles;

(f) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status;

(g) Information on confidence-building measures in the field of conventional arms;

(h) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures;

(i) Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia;

(j) Preventing and combating illicit brokering activities;

(k) Disarmament and non-proliferation education;

(l) Treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices;

(m) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and light weapons and collecting them;

(n) Relationship between disarmament and development;

(o) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control;

(p) Promotion of multilateralism in the areas of disarmament and non-proliferation;

(q) Reducing nuclear danger;

(r) Measures to prevent terrorists from acquiring weapons of mass destruction;

(s) Regional disarmament;

(t) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels;

(u) Confidence-building measures in the regional and subregional context;

(v) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas;

(w) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;

(x) Renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons;

(y) Transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities;

(z) The illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects;

(aa) Nuclear disarmament;

(bb) Transparency in armaments;

(cc) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the *Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons*;

(dd) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments;

(ee) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament;

(ff) Preventing the acquisition by terrorists of radioactive materials and sources.

100. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly [P.100]:

(a) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services;

(b) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme;

(c) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament;

(d) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons;

(e) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

(f) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa;

(g) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific.

101. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session [P.101]:

(a) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;

(b) Report of the Disarmament Commission.

102. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East [P.102].

103. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects [P.103].

104. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region [P.104].

105. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty [P.105].

106. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction [P.106].

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

107. Crime prevention and criminal justice [P.107].

108. International drug control [P.108].

109. Measures to eliminate international terrorism [P.109].

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

110. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization [P.110].

111. Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund [P.111].

112. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations [P.112].

113. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs [P.113]:

(a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.

114. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections [P.114]:

(a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(b) Election of five members of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission;

(c) Election of fifteen members of the Human Rights Council.

115. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments [P.115]:

(a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;

(c) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;

(d) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission:

(i) Appointment of members of the Commission;

(ii) Designation of the Chairman of the Commission;

(e) Appointment of members of the Independent Audit Advisory Committee;

(f) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences.

116. Admission of new Members to the United Nations [P.116].

117. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit [P.117].

118. Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade [P.118].

119. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations [P.119].

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly [P.120].

121. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters [P.121].

122. Strengthening of the United Nations system [P.122].

123. Multilingualism [P.123].

124. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations [P.124]:

(a) Cooperation between the United Nations and the African Union;

(b) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

(c) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations;

(d) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization;

(e) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community;

(f) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Collective Security Treaty Organization;

(g) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries;

(h) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Council of Europe;

(i) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Community of Central African States;

(j) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization;

(k) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Eurasian Economic Community;

(l) Cooperation between the United Nations and the International Organization of la Francophonie;

(m) Cooperation between the United Nations, national parliaments and the Inter-Parliamentary Union;

(n) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System;

(o) Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States;

(p) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons;

(q) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;

(r) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

(s) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

(t) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Pacific Islands Forum;

(u) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization;

(v) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization;

(w) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Southern African Development Community.

125. Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme [P.125].

126. Global health and foreign policy [P.126].

127. International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994 [P.127].

128. International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 [P.128].

129. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors [P.129]:

    (a) United Nations;

    (b) United Nations peacekeeping operations;

    (c) International Trade Centre UNCTAD/WTO;

    (d) United Nations University;

    (e) Capital master plan;

    (f) United Nations Development Programme;

    (g) United Nations Children's Fund;

    (h) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

    (i) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

    (j) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

    (k) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

    (l) United Nations Population Fund;

    (m) United Nations Human Settlements Programme;

    (n) United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime;

    (o) United Nations Office for Project Services;

    (p) International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994;

    (q) International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

130. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations [P.130].

131. Programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011 [P.131].

132. Programme planning [P.132].

133. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations [P.133].

134. Pattern of conferences [P.134].

135. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations [P.135].

136. Human resources management [P.136].

137. Joint Inspection Unit [P.137].

138. United Nations common system [P.138].

139. United Nations pension system [P.139].

140. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency [P.140].

141. Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services [P.141].

142. Administration of justice at the United Nations [P.142].

143. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994 [P.143].

144. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 [P.144].

145. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations [P.145].

146. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad [P.146].

147. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire [P.147].

148. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus [P.148].

149. Financing of the United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo [P.149].

150. Financing of the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo [P.150].

151. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor [P.151].

152. Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste [P.152].

153. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea [P.153].

154. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia [P.154].

155. Financing of the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti [P.155].

156. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo [P.156].

157. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Liberia [P.157].

158. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East [P.158]:

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.

159. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan [P.159].

160. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara [P.160].

161. Financing of the African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur [P.161].

162. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 1863 (2009) [P.162].

163. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country [P.163].

164. Compensation for damage caused by colonialism [S.2].

165. Verification of the implementation of nuclear disarmament obligations [S.3].

166. Enhancing and expanding the functions and powers of the General Assembly [S.4].

167. Investigation into the invasion of Iraq [S.5].

168. Investigation into the wars that have broken out since the establishment of the United Nations [S.6].

169. Investigation into assassinations carried out since the establishment of the United Nations [S.7].

IV. Allocation of items

54. The allocation of items described in paragraph 76 below is based on the pattern adopted by the General Assembly for those items in previous years and organized under the headings of the draft agenda in paragraph 53 above. The Secretary-General wishes to recall the relevant resolutions and decisions dealing with guidelines for the allocation of items, namely, decision 34/401 (A/520/Rev.17, annex V), resolution 39/88 B, resolution 45/45 (A/520/Rev.17, annexes VI and VII), annex I to resolution 48/264 and the annex to resolution 51/241.

55. The Secretary-General also wishes to call to the attention of the General Committee subparagraphs 4 (c), (e) and (i) of the annex to resolution 58/316 relevant to the allocation of items for the sixty-fifth session.

56. The Secretary-General would like to recall that any request by an organization for the granting of observer status in the General Assembly will be considered in

plenary meeting after the consideration of the issue by the Sixth Committee of the Assembly (resolution 54/195).

57. The following items of the draft agenda have not been considered previously by the General Assembly:

20. Sustainable development:

(i) Harmony with Nature.

29. Intergovernmental science-policy platform on biodiversity and ecosystem services.

150. Financing of the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

164. Compensation for damage caused by colonialism.

165. Verification of the implementation of nuclear disarmament obligations.

166. Enhancing and expanding the functions and powers of the General Assembly.

167. Investigation into the invasion of Iraq.

168. Investigation into the wars that have broken out since the establishment of the United Nations.

169. Investigation into assassinations carried out since the establishment of the United Nations.

58. Owing to the nature of *sub-item (i) of item 20* and *item 29* of the draft agenda, the Secretary-General suggests that they be allocated to the Second Committee.

59. Owing to the nature of *item 150* of the draft agenda, the Secretary-General suggests that it be allocated to the Fifth Committee.

60. With regard to *items 164 to 169* of the draft agenda, the General Committee may wish to decide on their allocation.

61. In connection with *item 9* of the draft agenda (Report of the Economic and Social Council), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 4 (c) of the annex to resolution 58/316, in which the General Assembly decided to consider the item in its entirety in plenary meeting, on the understanding that the administrative, programme and budgetary aspects should be dealt with by the Fifth Committee. The General Committee will recall that, at the fifty-ninth session, it took note of a clarification regarding consideration of the relevant parts of chapter I of the report by the Main Committees concerned. The General Committee may wish to recommend that the Assembly, when considering item 9 in its entirety in plenary meeting, take note of the clarification that, in implementing resolution 58/316, the relevant parts of chapter I of the report of the Economic and Social Council will be considered by the Main Committees concerned, under agenda items already allocated to them, for final action by the Assembly.

62. With regard to *item 13* of the draft agenda (Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields), the Secretary-General wishes to recall resolution 57/270 B, in which the General Assembly

decided to consider under the item the chapters of the annual report of the Economic and Social Council relevant to the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits, including through the participation in its discussions of the President of the Council.

63. In addition, with regard to *item 13* (Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields) and *item 117* of the draft agenda (Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit), the Secretary-General wishes to recall resolutions 63/302 and 64/184 and decision 64/555, by which the General Assembly decided to convene the High-level Plenary Meeting of the Assembly at the commencement of the sixty-fifth session, from 20 to 22 September 2010, at United Nations Headquarters.

64. Also in connection with *item 13* (Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields) and *item 117* of the draft agenda (Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 56 of resolution 60/265, in which the General Assembly decided to dedicate a specific meeting focused on development, including an assessment of progress over the previous year, at each session of the Assembly.

65. With regard to *sub-item (b) of item 20* of the draft agenda (Sustainable development: Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 2 of resolution 64/199 and decisions 64/555 and 64/566, by which the General Assembly decided to convene a two-day high-level review to assess progress made in addressing the vulnerabilities of small island developing States through the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, on 24 and 25 September 2010.

66. With regard to *sub-item (f) of item 20* of the draft agenda (Sustainable development: Convention on Biological Diversity), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 23 of resolution 64/203 and decisions 64/555 and 64/567, by which the General Assembly decided to convene a one-day high-level meeting as a contribution to the International Year of Biodiversity, on 22 September 2010.

67. With regard to *sub-item (a) of item 24* of the draft agenda (Eradication of poverty and other development issues: Implementation of the Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017)), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 13 of resolution 63/229, by which the General Assembly decided to devote one plenary meeting at its sixty-fifth session to the consideration of the outcome of and follow-up to the International Year of Microcredit.

68. In connection with *item 28* of the draft agenda (Advancement of women), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 16 of the annex to resolution 39/125 concerning the United Nations Development Fund for Women, which reads:

> 16. *Taking into account* the advice of the Consultative Committee, the Administrator shall submit to the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme an annual report on the operations, management and budget of the Fund. He shall submit a similar report to the General Assembly,

to be referred to the Second Committee for consideration of its technical cooperation aspects and also to the Third Committee.

The General Committee may therefore wish to recommend that the report be also referred to the Second Committee for consideration under item 25 of the draft agenda (Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system).

69. With regard to *item 60* of the draft agenda (Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples), the Secretary-General wishes to recall decision 64/560, by which the General Assembly decided to hold a commemorative meeting, on 14 December 2010, on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of Assembly resolution 1514 (XV), containing the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

70. In connection with *item 65* of the draft agenda (Report of the Human Rights Council), the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the fact that, at the sixty-fourth session, the General Assembly decided to allocate the item to the plenary and the Third Committee, on the understanding that the Third Committee would consider and act on all recommendations of the Human Rights Council to the Assembly, including those that deal with the development of international law in the field of human rights, without prejudice to the right of Member States to present resolutions and decisions on all issues considered in the report of the Council. Taking this into account, the Assembly, in plenary meeting, would consider the report of the Council on its activities for the year. It was also understood that the agreement was in no way a reinterpretation of Assembly resolution 60/251 and that it would be reviewed before the beginning of the sixty-fifth session of the Assembly. No final decision was taken by the Assembly in this regard during its sixty-fourth session.

71. In connection with *item 99* of the draft agenda (General and complete disarmament), the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the fact that some portions of the annual report of the International Atomic Energy Agency, which is to be considered directly in plenary meeting under *item 89*, deal with the subject matter of this item. The General Committee may therefore wish to recommend that the relevant paragraphs of the report be drawn to the attention of the First Committee in connection with its consideration of item 99.

72. With regard to *item 110* of the draft agenda (Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization), pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 10 of resolution 51/241 and as at previous sessions, the Secretary-General wishes to make a brief presentation of his annual report[11] as the first item in the morning prior to the opening of the general debate on Thursday, 23 September 2010.

73. In connection with *item 120* of the draft agenda (Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly), the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to resolutions 58/316 and 59/313. In order to facilitate the work of the Main Committees, the General Committee may wish to recommend that the General Assembly also allocate item 121 to all the Main Committees for the sole purpose of considering and taking action on their respective tentative programme of work.

[11] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-fifth Session, Supplement No. 1* (A/65/1).

74. With regard to *item 132* of the draft agenda (Programme planning), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 2 of resolution 64/229, by which the General Assembly re-emphasized the role of the plenary and the Main Committees of the General Assembly in reviewing and taking action on the appropriate recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination relevant to their work, in accordance with regulation 4.10 of the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation (ST/SGB/2000/8). The Secretary-General also wishes to recall paragraph 2 of resolution 61/235 of 22 December 2006, by which the Assembly requested the General Committee to take fully into account resolutions 56/253, 57/282, 59/275 and 60/257 in the allocation of agenda items to the Main Committees. The Secretary-General further wishes to recall paragraph 9 of resolution 60/257, by which the Assembly took note of the report of the Office of Internal Oversight Services (A/60/73) and encouraged intergovernmental bodies to make use of the findings in the programme performance report of the Secretary-General and evaluation reports in planning and policymaking. On that basis, the Secretary-General recommends that the General Committee allocate item 132 of the draft agenda to all the Main Committees and the plenary of the General Assembly to enhance discussion of evaluation, planning, budgeting and monitoring reports.

75. With regard to *item 142* of the draft agenda (Administration of justice at the United Nations), the Secretary-General wishes to recall resolution 64/119, by which the General Assembly approved the rules of procedure of the United Nations Dispute Tribunal and the United Nations Appeals Tribunal, and resolution 64/233 in which the Assembly, inter alia, requested the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its sixty-fifth session on the status of the judges of the United Nations Appeals Tribunal and their entitlements, including travel and daily subsistence allowance, as well as to provide information on the respective advantages and disadvantages, including the financial implications, of a number of options with regard to remedies available to the different categories of non-staff personnel, bearing in mind the status quo concerning dispute settlement mechanisms for non-staff personnel. The Secretary-General further wishes to recall decision 64/527, whereby the General Assembly decided that the consideration of the outstanding legal aspects of the administration of justice at the United Nations would be continued during its sixty-fifth session in the framework of a working group of the Sixth Committee. The General Committee may therefore wish to recommend to the Assembly that, in the light of resolutions 64/119 and 64/233 and decision 64/527, this item be allocated to the Fifth Committee and to the Sixth Committee for the purpose of considering the legal aspects of the reports to be submitted in connection with the item.

76. Subject to changes that may be made by the General Committee in the light of paragraphs 54 to 75 above, the allocation of the items of the draft agenda would be as follows:[12]

[12] The numbers are those of the items of the draft agenda in paragraph 53 above.

Plenary meetings

1. Opening of the session by the President of the General Assembly.
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation.
3. Credentials of representatives to the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly:
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly.
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly.
7. Organization of work, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: reports of the General Committee.
8. General debate.

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

9. Report of the Economic and Social Council (see para. 61).
10. Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS.
11. Sport for peace and development.
12. 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa.
13. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields (see paras. 62-64).
14. Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations.
15. Culture of peace.
16. The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order.
20. Sustainable development:
   (b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States (see para. 65);
   (f) Convention on Biological Diversity (see para. 66).
24. Eradication of poverty and other development issues:
   (a) Implementation of the Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017) (see para. 67).

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

30. Report of the Security Council.

31. Report of the Peacebuilding Commission.

32. Elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion.

33. The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict.

34. Prevention of armed conflict.

35. Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development.

36. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic.

37. The situation in the Middle East.

38. Question of Palestine.

39. The situation in Afghanistan.

40. The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan.

41. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte.

42. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba.

43. The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development.

44. Question of Cyprus.

45. Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

46. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).

47. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti.

48. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security.

49. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait.

60. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (see para. 69).

C. Development of Africa

64. New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support:

    (a) New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support;

(b) Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa.

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

71. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance:

(a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations;

(b) Assistance to the Palestinian people;

(c) Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster;

(d) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

72. Report of the International Court of Justice.

73. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

74. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

75. Report of the International Criminal Court.

76. Oceans and the law of the sea:

(a) Oceans and the law of the sea:

(b) Sustainable fisheries, including through the 1995 Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, and related instruments.

G. Disarmament

89. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency (see para. 71).

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

110. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization (see para. 72).

111. Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund.

112. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations.

113. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:

(a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.

114. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:

(a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(b) Election of five members of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission;

(c) Election of fifteen members of the Human Rights Council.

115. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[13]

(f) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences.

116. Admission of new Members to the United Nations.

117. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit (see paras. 63 and 64).

118. Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade.

119. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations.

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

121. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters.

122. Strengthening of the United Nations system.

123. Multilingualism.

124. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations:

(a) Cooperation between the United Nations and the African Union;

(b) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

(c) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations;

[13] For sub-items (a) to (e), see Fifth Committee.

(d) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization;

(e) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community;

(f) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Collective Security Treaty Organization;

(g) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries;

(h) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Council of Europe;

(i) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Community of Central African States;

(j) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization;

(k) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Eurasian Economic Community;

(l) Cooperation between the United Nations and the International Organization of la Francophonie;

(m) Cooperation between the United Nations, national parliaments and the Inter-Parliamentary Union;

(n) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System;

(o) Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States;

(p) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons;

(q) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;

(r) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

(s) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

(t) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Pacific Islands Forum;

(u) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization;

(v) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization;

(w) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Southern African Development Community.

125. Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme.

126. Global health and foreign policy.

127. International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

128. International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

132. Programme planning (see para. 74).

First Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

G. Disarmament

90. Reduction of military budgets.

91. African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty.

92. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco).

93. Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe.

94. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security.

95. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East.

96. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons.

97. Prevention of an arms race in outer space.

98. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament.

99. General and complete disarmament (see para. 71):

    (a) Notification of nuclear tests;

    (b) Further measures in the field of disarmament for the prevention of an arms race on the seabed and the ocean floor and in the subsoil thereof;

(c) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol;

(d) Effects of the use of armaments and ammunitions containing depleted uranium;

(e) Missiles;

(f) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status;

(g) Information on confidence-building measures in the field of conventional arms;

(h) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures;

(i) Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia;

(j) Preventing and combating illicit brokering activities;

(k) Disarmament and non-proliferation education;

(l) Treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices;

(m) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and light weapons and collecting them;

(n) Relationship between disarmament and development;

(o) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control;

(p) Promotion of multilateralism in the areas of disarmament and non-proliferation;

(q) Reducing nuclear danger;

(r) Measures to prevent terrorists from acquiring weapons of mass destruction;

(s) Regional disarmament;

(t) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels;

(u) Confidence-building measures in the regional and subregional context;

(v) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas;

(w) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;

(x) Renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons;

(y) Transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities;

(z) The illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects;

(aa) Nuclear disarmament;

(bb) Transparency in armaments;

(cc) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the *Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons*;

(dd) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments;

(ee) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament;

(ff) Preventing the acquisition by terrorists of radioactive materials and sources.

100. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly:

(a) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services;

(b) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme;

(c) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament;

(d) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons;

(e) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

(f) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa;

(g) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific.

101. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session:

(a) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;

(b) Report of the Disarmament Commission.

102. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East.

103. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.

104. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region.

105. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.

106. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

132. Programme planning (see para. 74).

Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee)

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

50. Effects of atomic radiation.

51. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space.

52. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

53. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories.

54. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects.

55. Questions relating to information.

56. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.

57. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories.

58. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.

59. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.

60. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

61. Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

132. Programme planning (see para. 74).

Second Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

17. Information and communications technologies for development.

18. Macroeconomic policy questions:

    (a) International trade and development;

    (b) International financial system and development;

    (c) External debt sustainability and development.

19. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the preparation of the 2008 Review Conference.

20. Sustainable development:

    (a) Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development;

    (b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States;

    (c) International Strategy for Disaster Reduction;

    (d) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind;

    (e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa;

    (f) Convention on Biological Diversity;

    (g) Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its eleventh special session;

    (h) United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development;

    (i) Harmony with Nature.

21. Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

22. Globalization and interdependence:

    (a) Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence;

    (b) Preventing and combating corrupt practices and transfer of assets of illicit origin and returning such assets, in particular to the countries of origin, consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption;

(c) International migration and development.

23. Groups of countries in special situations:

(a) Fourth United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries;

(b) Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation.

24. Eradication of poverty and other development issues:

(a) Implementation of the Second United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (2008-2017);

(b) Industrial development cooperation.

25. Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system.

26. Agriculture development and food security.

29. Intergovernmental science-policy platform on biodiversity and ecosystem services.

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

62. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

132. Programme planning (see para. 74).

Third Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

A. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

27. Social development:

(a) Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly;

(b) Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;

(c) Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing;

(d) United Nations Literacy Decade: education for all.

28. Advancement of women (see para. 68):

(a) Advancement of women;

(b) Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

B. Maintenance of international peace and security

63. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions.

D. Promotion of human rights

66. Promotion and protection of the rights of children:

(a) Promotion and protection of the rights of children;

(b) Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children.

67. Indigenous issues:

(a) Indigenous issues;

(b) Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People.

68. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance:

(a) Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance;

(b) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action.

69. Right of peoples to self-determination.

70. Promotion and protection of human rights:

(a) Implementation of human rights instruments;

(b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

(c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives;

(d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

107. Crime prevention and criminal justice.

108. International drug control.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

132. Programme planning (see para. 74).

Fifth Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

115. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[14]

(a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;

(c) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;

(d) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission:

(i) Appointment of members of the Commission;

(ii) Designation of the Chairman of the Commission;

(e) Appointment of members of the Independent Audit Advisory Committee.

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

129. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:

(a) United Nations;

(b) United Nations peacekeeping operations;

(c) International Trade Centre UNCTAD/WTO;

[14] For sub-item (f), see plenary meetings.

(d) United Nations University;

(e) Capital master plan;

(f) United Nations Development Programme;

(g) United Nations Children's Fund;

(h) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

(i) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

(j) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(k) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(l) United Nations Population Fund;

(m) United Nations Human Settlements Programme;

(n) United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime;

(o) United Nations Office for Project Services;

(p) International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994;

(q) International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

130. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations.

131. Programme budget for the biennium 2010-2011.

132. Programme planning (see para. 74).

133. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations.

134. Pattern of conferences.

135. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations.

136. Human resources management.

137. Joint Inspection Unit.

138. United Nations common system.

139. United Nations pension system.

140. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

141. Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services.

142. Administration of justice at the United Nations (see para. 75).

143. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

144. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

145. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

146. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad.

147. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire.

148. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

149. Financing of the United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

150. Financing of the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

151. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor.

152. Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste.

153. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea.

154. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia.

155. Financing of the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti.

156. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

157. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Liberia.

158. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East:

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.

159. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan.

160. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

161. Financing of the African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur.

162. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 1863 (2009).

Sixth Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

77. Responsibility of States for internationally wrongful acts.

78. Criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission.

79. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its forty-third session.

80. United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law.

81. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its sixty-second session.

82. Diplomatic protection.

83. Consideration of prevention of transboundary harm from hazardous activities and allocation of loss in the case of such harm.

84. Status of Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts.

85. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.

86. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.

87. The rule of law at the national and international levels.

88. The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

109. Measures to eliminate international terrorism.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

120. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 73).

132. Programme planning (see para. 75).

142. Administration of justice at the United Nations (see para. 75).

163. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country.